

# PRESIDENT WILSON CREDITED WITH TOTAL OF 272 VOTES

## LATE RETURNS INCREASE LEAD

California Vote Assures Election of Wilson, While New Hampshire May Add to Plurality.

NEW ENGLAND STATE AGAIN LEANS TO DEMOCRATS.

TWO STATES YET TO REPORT

MINNESOTA AND NEW MEXICO RETURNS SLOW.

RECOUNTS ARE CONSIDERED

REPUBLICANS DISCUSS PLANS FOR VOTE CANVASS.

Willcox Says Official Count Will Be Accepted Unless Unusual Circumstances Develop in Casting or Counting of Ballots—Hughes Leads in Minnesota, Where Soldier Vote May Decide How State Goes—Wilson Ahead in New Mexico.

NEW YORK, November 10.—Nearly complete returns from California today gave assurance that Woodrow Wilson had been re-elected President of the United States by at least 272 electoral votes.

Late returns from the close contest in New Hampshire showed a lead of 239 for Wilson, which, if sustained, would give him four more electoral votes.

In the two other states, Minnesota and New Mexico, whose complete vote is not yet in, show returns did not change the advantage. Hughes was leading today in Minnesota by about 750 votes and Wilson was 2,300 ahead in New Mexico. New Mexico seems certain for Wilson.

West Virginia, which was classed as doubtful until late last night, has gone definitely for Hughes.

Unless the vote of California is divided, which now seems a possibility, Mr. Wilson is assured of 272 votes in the electoral college, six more than a majority, and Mr. Hughes of 243. The President could lose six votes from California and still have enough to elect. This loss would be offset by New Mexico.

If Mr. Hughes carried both Minnesota, with twelve votes, and New Hampshire, with four, he would have only 239, seven fewer than enough to elect.

Minnesota's Soldier Vote.  
The result in Minnesota may be determined by the ballots of the 2138 national guardsmen now on the Mexican border, which will not be counted until the state canvassing board meets next Tuesday. Returns received early today in the state gave Hughes a lead of slightly more than 5,000 votes.

In 666 districts out of 638 in New Mexico, Wilson was 2,300 ahead. The remote precincts not yet heard from are sparsely settled, and it was not believed the President's lead could be wiped out.

The outcome in New Hampshire was in greater doubt than in any state. Certified returns from all but twenty-five precincts gave Hughes a lead of 131, but a late and still incomplete tabulation gave Wilson a lead of 239.

Flash Breaks Tension.

The tension of one of the most dramatic situations in the political history of the United States was broken when the news that Republican State Chairman Rowell, of California, had conceded the state to Wilson was flashed. Frantic appeals to expedite returns had been sent to state leaders hour after hour from the national headquarters of both parties in the city. Telegrams were reinforced by telephone calls across the continent. It had been apparent since Wednesday that California was the pivot on which the election would swing.

It was not until stage coaches had come through from counties tucked away in the Sierras or settlements of the arid eastern slopes of the mountains that the result was known. Ordinarily the few votes cast in these remote districts are of little moment, but in this history-making presidential year they were of vital importance. They could not be reached by telephone or telegraph and the trails and passes leading to them were choked with snow in many places. There was nothing to do but wait for the stages and they began coming in last night.

Similar difficulties were encountered in collecting the returns from the wilds of New Mexico and from the far corners of Minnesota. In past campaigns New Mexico's three electoral votes have been merely incidental in swelling the majority of the winner, but yesterday they might have elected a President. Minnesota was almost as important as California in determining whether Hughes or Wilson had won and the returns from that state caused nearly as much jubilation among the Republicans as those from California in the rival camp.

Depends on Circumstances.

William R. Willcox, Republican national chairman, following a conference of the campaign managers today, refused to concede the election to President Wilson. In a formal statement he declared that the result still depends on the vote of close states, and that the returns from these were so far unofficial and might be changed.

## VICTORS IN THRILLING NATIONAL CONTEST



WOODROW WILSON.

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THOMAS R. MARSHALL.

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## FIGHT FOR BRIDGE AT TCHERNAVODA

Russians Only Two Miles From Famous Crossing Over Danube River.

ROUMANIANS MEET REVERSE

Invading Austro-Germans Gain Advantage Near Buzeu Valley, on Transylvanian Front.

LONDON, November 10.—Russian troops are now two miles west of Tchernavoda, fighting for the famous bridge across the Danube, the Petrograd office announced today in its report on the campaign in Dobruja.

On the Transylvanian front the Roumanians have suffered a reverse, at the hands of the invading Austro-German forces. They were driven four versts southward in the region west of Buzeu valley. Roumanian troops undertook an enveloping offensive movement in the direction of Freadal.

The Russo-Roumanian armies are steadily retreating from the Tchernavoda, according to the Bucharest war office. German claims of capture from the Roumanians between October 1 and October 10, 1916, were exaggerated. It is asserted that the exact figures of Austro-Germans taken by the Roumanians in the same period were 3,322. The Roumanians also captured twenty.

Continued on Page Twelve.

## VOTE IN MINNESOTA IS AGAIN RUNNING CLOSE

HUGHES'S PLURALITY 708 ON THE LATEST RETURNS.

BOTH PARTIES CLAIM STATE

ST. PAUL, November 10.—Returns from 3,333 precincts out of 3,624 in Minnesota gave Wilson 17,577; Hughes, 17,285; Hughes' plurality, 292.  
Fred Wheaton, chairman of the Democratic state central committee, still insisted "we feel sure of Minnesota for Wilson."  
"Ballots cast under the provisions of the 'absent voters' bill, which allows traveling men and railway men to vote the national ticket away from home, are not included, and this vote will wipe out the Hughes lead," Mr. Wheaton said.  
The vote of the state troops at the Mexican border also will help wipe out the Hughes margin, according to Fred Lynch, Democratic national committee man from Minnesota.  
E. L. Thornton, chairman of the Republican state central committee, declared the rural ballots still to report would offset any Wilson gain among absent voters, and claimed a lead among the state guardsmen.

Continued on Page Twelve.

## GERMANY PROMISES TO MAKE THOROUGH INQUIRY

WILL INVESTIGATE SINKING OF SHIP CARRYING AMERICANS.

SUBMARINES NOT RETURNED

WASHINGTON, November 10.—Germany has informed the American embassy in Berlin that the sinking of the British steamer Marina on October 28 with the loss of the lives of six American horse tenders, will be thoroughly investigated as soon as submarines operating on that date have reported, according to confidential advices received here today from Berlin.

The information given the American embassy, it was said here, to the effect that Germany did not believe the act would be developed similar to the published reports that the Marina was torpedoed without warning, officials believing that Germany had no intention of changing her methods of submarine warfare.

The German embassy here has made no inquiry of the German government regarding the sinking of the Marina because it regards the communication to the American embassy in the Marina case as sufficient.

SAW TWO GERMAN U-BOATS.

Passengers Says Gunners of Arabia Fired on One of Submarines.

CAIRO, Egypt, November 10.—Two German submarines were seen by persons on board the Arabia, when that Peninsular and Oriental liner was sunk in the Mediterranean last Monday and one of them, according to the steamer's report.

Continued on Page Twelve.

## NEW HAMPSHIRE AGAIN IN WILSON'S COLUMN

PRESIDENT IS LEADING BY 239 VOTES.

THE RETURNS ARE CERTIFIED

CONCORD, N. H., November 10.—Certified returns from 283 precincts out of 291 in New Hampshire gave Hughes, 6,046; Wilson, 6,284. Wilson's lead, 239.  
These figures, according to Secretary of State Bean, include the return of the clerk of Ward 2, Keene, who certified that Wilson electors received no votes there, although press figures credited them with 15.  
Efforts are being made to correct this return, which the secretary of state believes to be an error. Its effect would be to increase the Wilson plurality.  
Returns from eleven precincts not accounted for in the certified figures gave Hughes, 1,670; Wilson, 1,590. As a result the vote of the state is still regarded in doubt.  
Certified returns this afternoon from 283 precincts out of 291 in New Hampshire gave Hughes, 6,046; Wilson, 6,284. Wilson's lead, 239.  
Secretary of State Bean, in announcing this tabulation, said it did not include any which had reported to the press that Wilson electors received 15 or from Ward 2, Dover, which gave Wilson 239.

Continued on Page Twelve.

## LARGEST VOTE EVER CAST IN THE COUNTY

Hughes's Plurality Is 5,656 and Majority 2,133 in Total Poll of 79,172.

GETS PROGRESSIVE VOTES

Losses Suffered by Both Prohibitionists and Socialists—Comparison of Wilson Votes of 1912 and 1916.

It was nearly noon today when the canvassing board completed the task of canvassing the official vote of Marion county, which was cast at the election last Tuesday. The official report shows that a total of 79,172 votes were cast, which was by far the largest ever recorded in Marion county.

The total vote cast in the 1912 election was 67,488.  
Charles E. Hughes, Republican nominee for President, received 40,896 votes and Woodrow Wilson, Democrat, received 35,943. The plurality for Hughes over Wilson was 5,656. Hughes received a majority of 2,133 votes over all the other candidates for President.

Progressives Back to G. O. P.

That the Progressive vote of 1912 was practically all absorbed by the Republicans is shown by the figures. At the election last Tuesday the Progressives had a full electoral ticket in the field, and, although they had no candidate for President, they did have a candidate for Vice-President and a full state and county ticket. The total Progressive vote for the electoral ticket in Marion county was 17, and the highest number of votes cast for any Progressive candidate on the ticket was 94 for Jackson Laine, candidate for representative in the congress.

In this connection it is interesting to note that in 1912 the Progressive vote was cast for the Progressive national ticket in Marion county. The total Progressive vote in 1912 was 12,350. Hughes received 28,419 more votes last Tuesday than were cast for Taft in 1912. Hughes received 3,283 more votes last Tuesday than were cast for both Taft and Roosevelt in 1912.

Wilson's vote in Marion county this year was only 5,138 higher than his vote in 1912.

Prohibition and Socialists Drop.

While Hughes and Wilson made gains in their vote over the 1912 vote, the Prohibitionists and Socialists suffered losses. In 1912 the Prohibition vote in Marion county for President was 1,241 and this year it dropped to 74. The Socialist vote in 1912 was 1,236. This year it was 224. The Socialist-Labor vote decreased from 418 in 1912 to 143 this year.

Seven precincts were missing from Humboldt county in the northwest corner of the state and seven from Kern in the oil fields. Humboldt went for Hughes, and Kern for Wilson. The others were scattered.

Unable to Check Precincts.

Election officials here said it would be impossible to check missing precincts against the vote of previous elections because of lack of knowledge as to exactly which precincts in each county were missing. Efforts to clean up the state vote were put forth by news associations and by the organizations of the two big parties. Usual means of communication were supplemented by the forest service telephones in the Sierras, and automobiles and horsemen were sent out on roads and

Continued on Page Twelve.

## VOTE OF THE STATE RECORD IN NUMBER

Total on Heads of National and State Tickets Will Be About 675,000.

HUGHES MAINTAINS LEAD

Has 6,583 Plurality in 3,078 of the 3,142 Precincts in Indiana—Latest Figures on Other Candidates.

Indiana, casting the largest vote in her history, has given Charles E. Hughes an estimated plurality of between 6,000 and 7,000 votes over Woodrow Wilson in the contest for the state's fifteen electoral votes for President.

Revised returns from 3,078 of the 3,142 precincts that voted in Tuesday's general election showed the Republican nominee to have a plurality of 6,583 over his Democratic opponent. Sixty-four precincts, or 2.1 per cent, of the total vote cast, are yet to be heard from. The total vote cast is expected to be at least 675,000, including the ballots cast by the minor parties.

New Leads Kern 12,030.

With only six precincts missing in the vote cast for the two United States senators to be selected, both of the Republican candidates had a large plurality over their Democratic opponents. Harry S. New, candidate for the long term, led

Continued on Page Twelve.

## WILSON LEADS BY 3,150 IN THE CALIFORNIA VOTE

31 PRECINCTS STILL OUT—JOHN SON MAKES GREAT RACE.

ELECTORS MAY BE DIVIDED

SAN FRANCISCO, November 10.—Results from 5,838 of the 5,870 precincts in California gave Hughes 46,292; Wilson, 46,742. Wilson's plurality, with thirty-one precincts missing, is 3,150.  
Seven precincts were missing from Humboldt county in the northwest corner of the state and seven from Kern in the oil fields. Humboldt went for Hughes, and Kern for Wilson. The others were scattered.

Continued on Page Twelve.

## CROWDS ON SHORE CHEER WILSON AT RHINECLIFF

PRESIDENT ARRIVES ON WAY TO WILLIAMSTOWN.

TRAVELS ON THE MAYFLOWER

RHINECLIFF, N. Y., November 10.—The naval yacht Mayflower, with President Wilson and Mrs. Wilson on board, arrived off Rhinecliff early today after an uneventful trip up the Hudson river.

The Mayflower anchored off Rhinecliff before daybreak, but the President did not come ashore until 9:30 o'clock to take his train for Williamstown, Mass., where he will be with the second child of his daughter, Mrs. F. B. Sayre.

Thomas lined the river bank, many carrying American flags, and when the Mayflower's launch, carrying the President and Mrs. Wilson, was seen to pull off from the shore, the crowd on the bank toward the landing to greet them. Enthusiastic cheers went up as the President and his wife, assisted by Captain Jerry of the Mayflower, stepped ashore.

The President's face was wreathed in smiles. He looked completely happy. He had been re-elected. He raised his hat and waved to the crowd as he and Mrs. Wilson set out on foot for the railroad station nearby.

The secret service men guarding the President had difficulty in making a way through the throng of his supporters. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, as the train pulled out, the President stood on the platform and waved his hat to the cheering people.

A bouquet of roses was presented to the President by a young woman. For the first time since he became President, Mr. Wilson traveled today without

Continued on Page Twelve.

## DEMOCRATIC PLURALITY IN HOUSE MAY BE THREE

THREE OF FIVE DOUBTFUL DISTRICTS NORMALLY REPUBLICAN.

54 DEMOCRATS IN THE SENATE

NEW YORK, November 10.—With the result in five districts still in doubt early today the returns on the congressional elections indicated that 22 Democratic members of the house of representatives and 54 Republican members have been elected, giving the Democrats a plurality of three.  
Two of the missing districts are normally Democratic and three normally Republican. Their adherence to their usual political affiliation, therefore, would give the Democrats 27 and the Republicans 47 members of the house of representatives.  
Four members of other parties have been elected to the house.  
The districts from which the final result has not been received are four in West Virginia and the New Mexico district.  
The senate on the basis of the latest returns, will stand fifty-four Democrats and forty-two Republicans, a Democratic majority of twelve.

Continued on Page Twelve.

## TWO PARTIES TIED IN STATE SENATE

Republicans Will Control Body With Progressive Holdover and Lieutenant-Governor.

ELECT 65 HOUSE MEMBERS

Indiana Winners Get Complete Victory Despite Handicap—Elect Sixteen of Twenty-Six New Senators.

Republicans will control the next Indiana legislature with a wide majority in the house of representatives, and a tie in the senate, according to the returns of that house of the legislature in the vote of Edgar D. Bush, the Lieutenant-Governor-elect, as presiding officer of the senate.

The Republicans have elected sixty-five members of the house to thirty-five for the Democrats, and though not all the returns on these elections are official, the Republican lead is too large to be affected materially by any change in the announcement of final votes.

Tie Vote in the Senate.

The Republicans have elected sixteen members of the senate, with eight holdovers from the last session.

Continued on Page Twelve.

As the Vote Seems to Stand

WILSON.	HUGHES.
Alabama.....	1
Arizona.....	2
Arkansas.....	3
California.....	4
Colorado.....	5
Connecticut.....	6
Delaware.....	7
District of Columbia.....	8
Florida.....	9
Georgia.....	10
Idaho.....	11
Illinois.....	12
Indiana.....	13
Iowa.....	14
Kansas.....	15
Kentucky.....	16
Louisiana.....	17
Maine.....	18
Massachusetts.....	19
Michigan.....	20
Minnesota.....	21
Mississippi.....	22
Missouri.....	23
Montana.....	24
Nebraska.....	25
Nevada.....	26
New Hampshire.....	27
New Jersey.....	28
New Mexico.....	29
New York.....	30
North Carolina.....	31
North Dakota.....	32
Ohio.....	33
Oklahoma.....	34
Oregon.....	35
Pennsylvania.....	36
Rhode Island.....	37
South Carolina.....	38
South Dakota.....	39
Tennessee.....	40
Texas.....	41
Vermont.....	42
Virginia.....	43
Washington.....	44
West Virginia.....	45
Wisconsin.....	46
Wyoming.....	47
Total.....	48

Continued on Page Twelve.

## HUGHES DELAYS HIS CONGRATULATIONS

Declines to Comment on Results and Leaves Contest Questions Up to Managers.

WILLCOX ISSUES STATEMENT

Refuses to Concede Democratic Success Until Final Count—Says Returns May Be Changed.

NEW YORK, November 10.—Lawrence Green, secretary to Charles E. Hughes, said today in response to questions by newspaper men that Mr. Hughes would not send congratulations to President Wilson today. "Not yet," said Mr. Green.

Mr. Hughes himself declined to make any comment on the election results. He rose about 8 o'clock and after reading the newspapers went for an automobile ride. He was apparently in cheerful spirits. It was expected at his hotel that he would receive a visit during the day from Republican National Chairman Willcox, and one of two other party leaders, probably after the conference at Republican headquarters, set for the noon hour, on the question of a recount of the vote in close states. This matter is understood Mr. Hughes was leaving entirely in the hands of his campaign managers, although before taking definite action it was expected they would consult with him to learn his views.

G. O. P. Managers Confer.

Chairman Willcox, refusing to concede the election of President Wilson until today, in a formal statement issued after a conference with other Republican campaign managers, that the result still depended on the vote of a few close states and that the returns thus far announced were in most cases unofficial and may be changed by the official count.

"The result still depends upon votes of a few close states," Mr. Willcox's statement read. "It must be borne in mind that the returns thus far announced are in most states unofficial and may be changed by the official count required by the laws of the states. Twice during the unofficial computation yesterday in California mistakes in additions were announced from that state, substantially changing figures previously given. It is common experience that the result of the official count almost always varies from the returns first announced."

Desire Strict Count.

"Where the vote is as close as that reported in several states, it may well be that material changes will result from the official count. We owe it to the country to take all necessary steps to see that an exact and honest count of the votes is made."

"When the current seemed to be running against Mr. Wilson on Wednesday the Democratic managers announced their intention to demand a recount in every close state."

"All we desire is to make sure that the vote be counted as cast."

Mr. Willcox added verbally that it was impossible for him to give the preliminary count to conform exactly with the official count.

Action Is Conditional.

Among those who assisted Mr. Willcox in preparing the statement or to whom it was submitted before being given out were national committeemen Charles B. Warren, of Michigan, and Herbert Parsons, of New York; Everett Colby, of New Jersey, and George W. Perkins, of New York, members of the campaign committee of the Republican national committee, and George W. Wickham, former United States attorney-general.

Mr. Willcox further said that unless special circumstances arose, the national committee would not demand a recount of the official count. In case ballot box irregularities were sought to be corrected, would be taken, he said Mr. Willcox's statement. It was learned that Mr. Willcox's statement was given out.

COAL PRICES LOWER IN EAST

New York Retailers Say Passing of Public "Panic" Is Ruling Element.

NEW YORK, November 10.—The tension in the coal situation has eased in the last few days and wholesale prices have dropped several dollars a ton, according to statements by trade authorities here today. Anthracite, selling recently at \$12 to \$12.50 a ton, wholesale, may now be bought for from \$8.50 to \$10, coal men say.

Arthur F. Rice, president of the Coal Merchants' Association, attributed the lower prices to a change in the market and the fact that the public had recovered from its recent "panic," during which householders filled their bins through a fear that prices would rise still higher.

Mr. Rice said he believed the cost of coal would go up again this season, on the great lakes would insure more coal for the market. The recent high prices were due principally, he asserted, to labor shortage, industrial troubles working overtime, and a smaller mining of coal from April to September.

FALLS DEAD AT WORK.

Frank Lackey Thought to Have Been Victim of Heart Disease.

Frank Lackey, aged seventy-five, 237 E. 10th street, fell dead today, when unloading cinders from a wagon in the rear of 260 Ashland avenue. Death was due to heart trouble, it is believed. Dr. Ralph B. Coble, deputy coroner, made an investigation.

Lackey was born a few miles northeast of Indianapolis and had lived his entire life in Marion county. He had a dairy east of Brightwood, and was well known in Brightwood. For the last twenty-five years he had been in the street contracting and excavating business. He is survived by a widow and several grown children.

German Casualties 3,755,693, British Statement Declares

LONDON, November 10.—German casualties since the beginning of the war, reported in German official lists, total 3,755,693 officers and men, according to an official British compilation made public today. The figure does not include casualties among the naval forces or the colonial troops. The German statistics reported by the same source for the month of October total 199,675 officers and men, including 1 dead, 94,321.

Continued on Page Twelve.